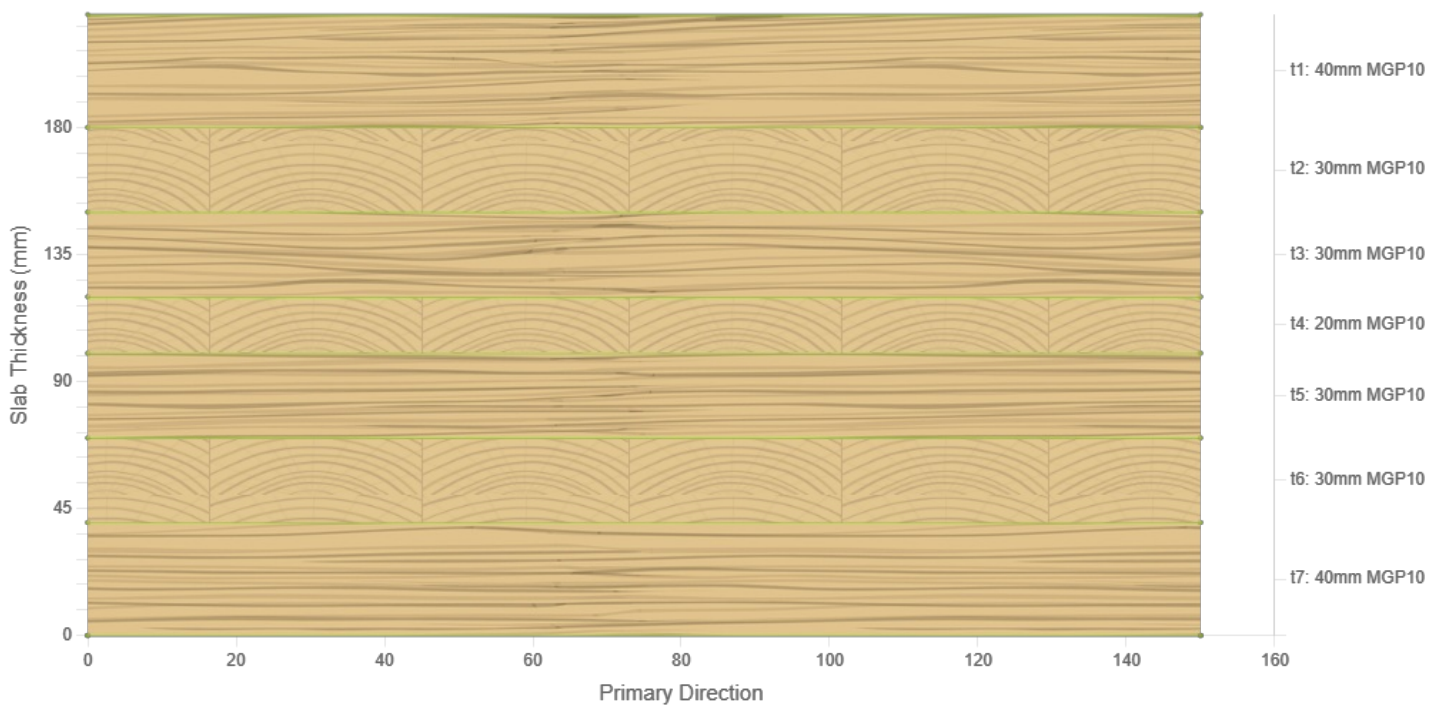
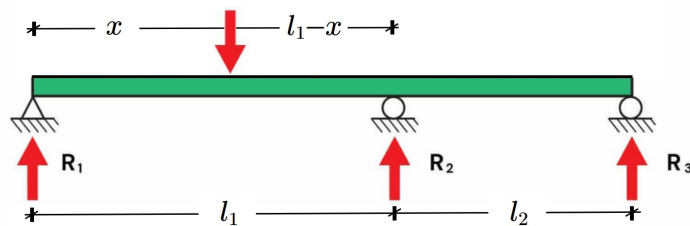


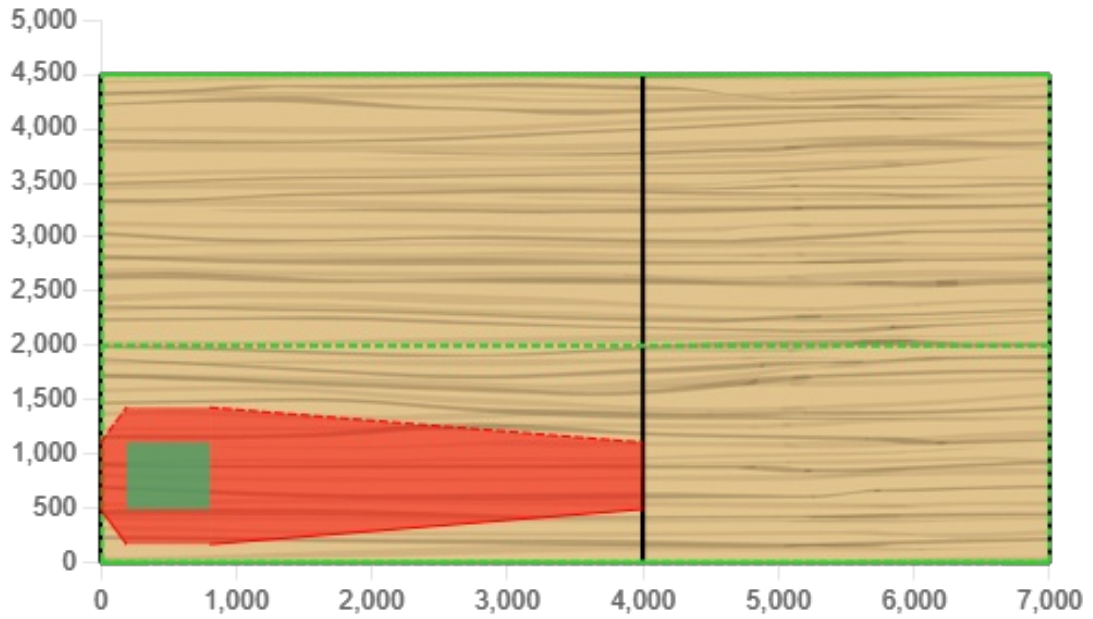
Supplier Timberlink	CLT Layup NX7/220				
Design Methodologies Design Method AS1720.1		Loading Code AS1170/AS1720	Load Combination Default Load Combination		
Loading Data		Loading Conditions			
G_{SDL} (kN) 1.00 kN	Q (kN) 3.00 kN	Condition Two Span Unequal Point Load	Calculation Method Shear Analogy	Span 1 4.00 (m)	Span 2 3.00 (m)
Point Load Data					
x 0.50 (m)	b_y 2.00 (m)	l_y 4.50 (m)	y 0.80 (m)	P_x 300 (mm)	P_y 300 (mm)
Design Data AS1720.1					
ψ_s 0.70	ψ_l 0.40	ψ_c 0.40	ϕ 0.85	w_c 0.00 (mm)	
k_4 1.00	k_6 1.00	k_9 1.00	k_{12} 1.00	j_2 2.00	Deflection Ratio 300.00

Outputs Summary

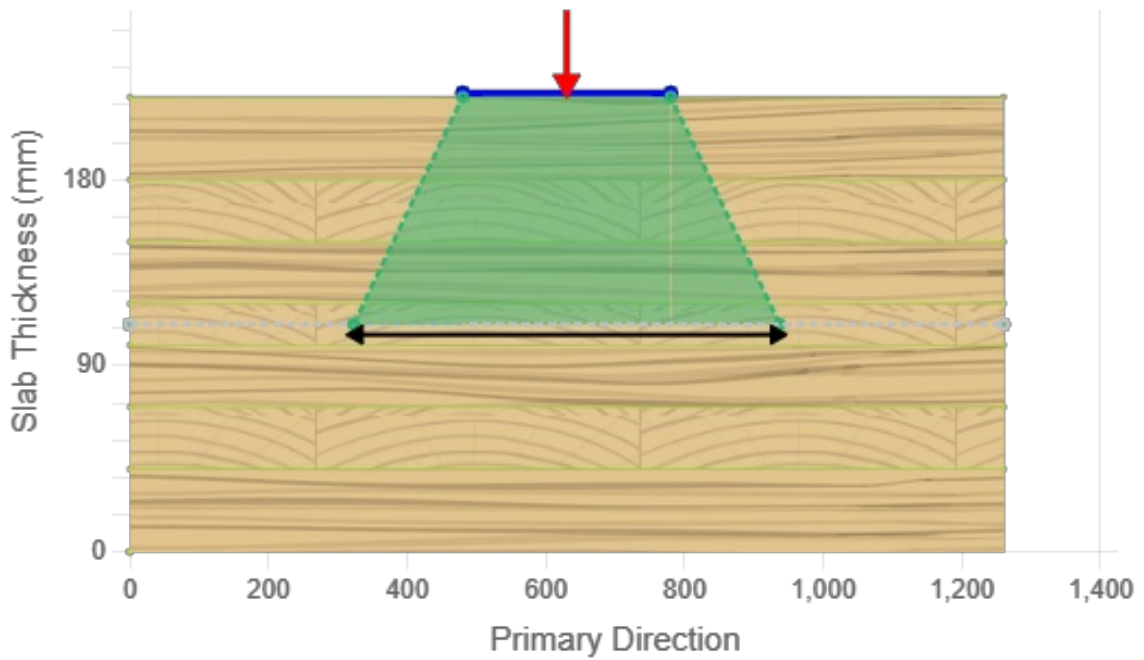
Deflection	Ambient Shear	Ambient Bending
OK	OK	OK
5.5%	4.8%	2.6%



Plotting the panel dimensions



Plotting layup dimensions



Panel Properties (Primary Direction)

t	Grade	E (MPa)	G (MPa)	f _b (MPa)	f _s (MPa)	f _r (MPa)	ρ (kg/m3)	
t ₁	40	MGP10	10000	670	17	3.8	1.2	500
t ₂	30	MGP10	333.3333333	45	17	3.8	1.2	500
t ₃	30	MGP10	10000	670	17	3.8	1.2	500
t ₄	20	MGP10	333.3333333	45	17	3.8	1.2	500
t ₅	30	MGP10	10000	670	17	3.8	1.2	500
t ₆	30	MGP10	333.3333333	45	17	3.8	1.2	500
t ₇	40	MGP10	10000	670	17	3.8	1.2	500

Calculate Stiffness Via The Shear Analogy Method

$$EI_{eff} = \sum_{i=1}^n E_1 b_i \frac{h_i^3}{12} + \sum_{i=1}^n E_1 b_i h_i^2$$

FP Innovations 2019 S 3.5.1

Effective Flexural Stiffness: XX-direction

[-]	b _{eff} t _i ³ /12 (mm ⁴)	b _{eff} t _i h _i ² (mm ⁴)	E _{i,xx} (MPa)	E _i t _i (Nmm ²)
t ₁	5.33e+6	3.24e+8	10000	3.29e+12
t ₂	2.25e+6	9.07e+7	333.3333333	3.10e+10
t ₃	2.25e+6	1.87e+7	10000	2.10e+11
t ₄	6.67e+5	4.04e-24	333.3333333	2.22e+8
t ₅	2.25e+6	1.88e+7	10000	2.10e+11
t ₆	2.25e+6	9.08e+7	333.3333333	3.10e+10
t ₇	5.33e+6	3.24e+8	10000	3.29e+12

Bending Stiffness Properties of CLT

	E _{eff}	
E _{eff} (Nmm ²) X-X	Bending Stiffness X-X direction	7.07e+12
E _{eff} (Nmm ²) Y-Y	Bending Stiffness Y-Y direction	2.10e+12

a (mm) 180

$$GA_{eff} = \frac{a^2}{\left[\left(\frac{h_1}{2G_1b} \right) + \left(\sum_{i=2}^{n-1} \frac{h_i}{G_i b_i} \right) + \left(\frac{h_n}{2G_n b} \right) \right]}$$

FP Innovations 2019 S 3.5.1

[-]	Layers (i/o)	G _{i,xx} (MPa)	t _i /(2Gb _{eff}) (mm ² /N)	t _i /(Gb _{eff}) (mm ² /N)
t ₁	o	6.70e+2	2.99e-5	0.00e+0
t ₂	i	4.50e+1	0.00e+0	6.67e-4
t ₃	i	6.70e+2	0.00e+0	4.48e-5
t ₄	i	4.50e+1	0.00e+0	4.44e-4
t ₅	i	6.70e+2	0.00e+0	4.48e-5
t ₆	i	4.50e+1	0.00e+0	6.67e-4
t ₇	o	6.70e+2	2.99e-5	0.00e+0

Shear Stiffness Properties of CLT

GA _{eff,xx}	1.68e+7	Nmm ²
GA _{eff,yy}	1.38e+7	Nmm ²

$$EI_{app} = \frac{EI_{eff}}{1 + \frac{K_s EI_{eff}}{GA_{eff} L^2}}$$

FP Innovations 2019 S 3.9

K_s	11.5	Two Span Unequal Point Load
L_{eff} (mm)	4.00e+3	Span length

Apparent Bending Stiffness Properties of CLT		
EI_{app_XX} (Nmm ²)	Apparent Stiffness : X-X direction	5.43e+12
EI_{app_YY} (Nmm ²)	Apparent Stiffness : Y-Y direction	1.89e+12

Stiffness Properties of CLT		XX_Direction	YY_Direction
EI_{app} (Nmm ²)	Serviceability stiffness derived from the Shear Analogy method	5.43e+12	1.89e+12
EI_{eff} (Nmm ²)	Strength stiffness derived from the Shear Analogy method	7.07e+12	2.10e+12

$$Z_{eff} = \frac{EI_{eff}}{E_1} \times \frac{1}{Max(\gamma_c; t_p - \gamma_c)}$$

Outer lamella _{x-x}	T1	
Outer lamella _{y-y}	T2	
$E1_{x-x}$ (N/mm ²)	10000	the outer most longitudinal lamella stiffness (primary direction)
$E1_{y-y}$ (N/mm ²)	10000	the outer most longitudinal lamella stiffness (secondary direction)

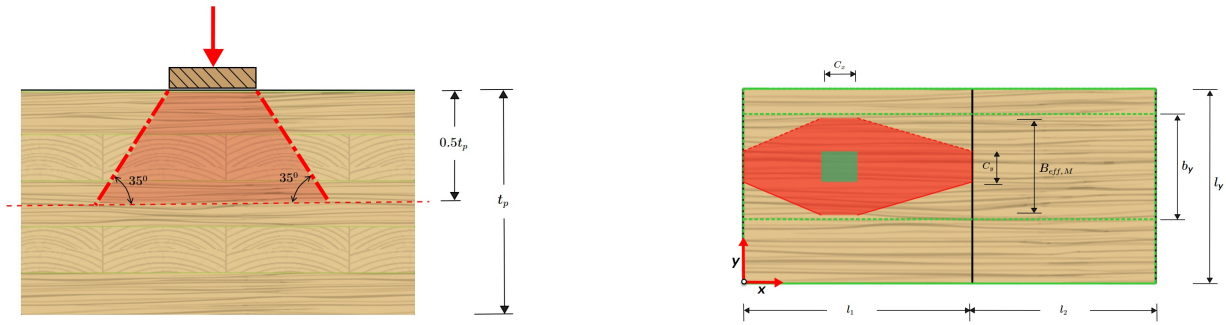
Section Modulus Properties of CLT		
Z_{eff_XX} (mm ³)	Section modulus: XX_direction	6.43e+6
Z_{eff_YY} (mm ³)	Section modulus: YY_direction	1.91e+6

Statical Moment_EQ : XX-direction

[-]	Location	$E_{i,XX}$ (MPa)	$Q_{i,top}$ (Nmm)	$Q_{i,bottom}$ (Nmm ³)	$E_i Q_{i,top}$ (Nmm ³)	$E_i Q_{i,bottom}$ (Nmm)
t ₁	above yc	10000	3.60e+6	0.00e+0	3.60e+10	0.00e+0
t ₂	above yc	333.3333333	1.65e+6	0.00e+0	5.50e+8	0.00e+0
t ₃	above yc	10000	7.50e+5	0.00e+0	7.50e+9	0.00e+0
t ₄	mid	333.3333333	5.00e+4	5.00e+4	1.67e+7	1.67e+7
t ₅	below yc	10000	0.00e+0	7.50e+5	0.00e+0	7.50e+9
t ₆	below yc	333.3333333	0.00e+0	1.65e+6	0.00e+0	5.50e+8
t ₇	below yc	10000	0.00e+0	3.60e+6	0.00e+0	3.60e+10

	t (mm)	a (mm)	E (Mpa)	EQ (Nmm)
Mid t upper	10	5	333.3333333	1.67e+7
Mid t lower	-10	-5	333.3333333	-1.67e+7

	Max + (Nmm)	Max - (Nmm)	Abs Max (Nmm)
EQ _R	4.40e+10	-4.40e+10	4.40e+10
EQ _L	4.41e+10	-4.40e+10	4.40e+10



c_x and c_y Calculation

Θ _x (°)	35
Θ _y (°)	35
p _x (mm)	300
p _y (mm)	300
c _x (mm)	614.2
c _y (mm)	614.2

Effective width calculation: Shear Force

$$b_{V,ef} = 1.25c_y$$

ProHolz Volume 2 Eq.4.37

b _{V,ef} (mm)	768
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Effective width calculation: Bending Moment

$$b_{M,ef} = c_y + 2.0x(1 - \frac{x}{l_x})k_{ortho} \leq b_{M,max}$$

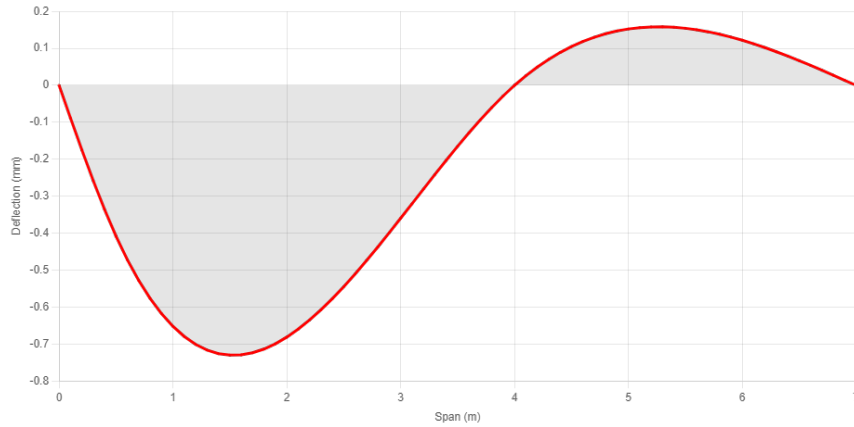
ProHolz Volume 2 Eq.4.29

$$b_{M,max} = [0.65l_y; b_y]$$

ProHolz Volume 2 Eq.4.30

EI _{x,net} (Nmm ²)	7.07e+12
EI _{y,net} (Nmm ²)	2.10e+12
k _{ortho}	1
x (mm)	500
b _{M,max} (mm)	2000
b _{M,ef} (mm)	1260
y _{edge} (mm)	800
b _{M,ef upper} (mm)	630
b _{M,ef near edge} (mm)	630

Deflection



Case	Two Span Unequal Point Load
G (kN)	1.00
Q (kN)	3.0
EI _{app} (Nmm ²)	5.43e+12
j ₂	2.0
ψ _l	0.4
ψ _s	0.7
L (mm)	4000.0

$$w_{\text{long}} = (G + \psi_l Q) j_2 + (\psi_s - \psi_l) Q \quad w_{\text{short}} = (G + \psi_s Q)$$

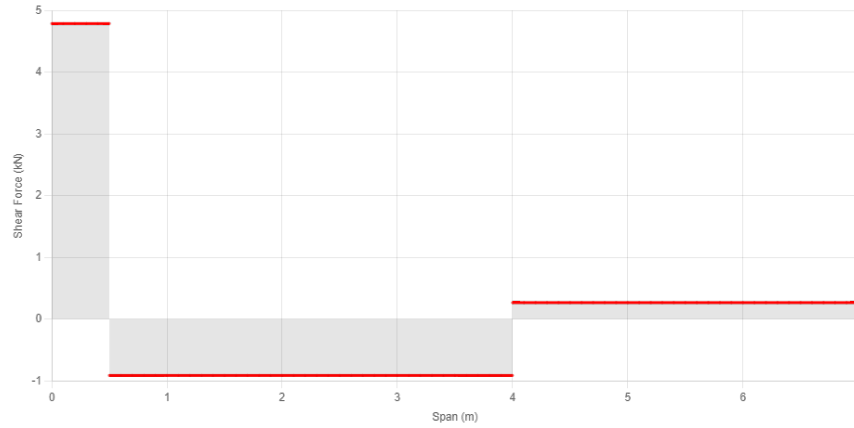
	w (kN/m)	Max Deflection (mm)	Limit (mm)	
w _{short term}	3.1	0.4		
w _{long term}	5.3	0.7	13.33	5%
w _c		0.00		5%

Loading

Load Combination	1.35G	1.20G + 0.60Q	1.20G + 1.50Q	1.20G + 0.40Q + 1.00W
w (kN)	1.35	3.00	5.70	2.40

Shear Force

Loading Combination : 1.20G + 1.50Q

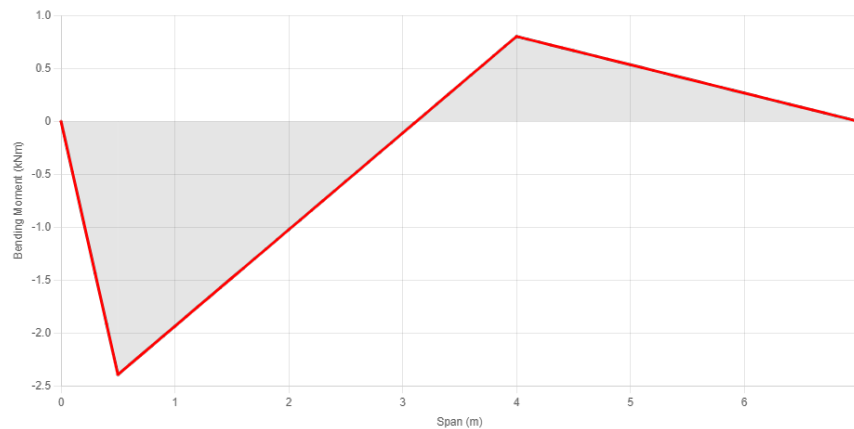


$b_{V,ef}$ (m) 0.77

	Ambient	Ambient	Ambient	Ambient
Load Combination	1.35G	1.20G + 0.60Q	1.20G + 1.50Q	1.20G + 0.40Q + 1.00W
V_{max} (kN)	1.13	2.52	4.79	2.02
$V_{max} / b_{V,ef}$ (kN/m)	1.48	3.28	6.24	2.63

Bendig Moment

$b_{M,ef}$ (m) 1.26



	Ambient	Ambient	Ambient	Ambient
Load Combination	1.35G	1.20G + 0.60Q	1.20G + 1.50Q	1.20G + 0.40Q + 1.00W
M^*_{max+} (kNm)	0.19	0.42	0.80	0.34
M^*_{max-} (kNm)	-0.57	-1.26	-2.39	-1.01
$M^*_{max+} / b_{M,ef}$ (kNm)	0.15	0.33	0.64	0.27
$M^*_{max-} / b_{M,ef}$ (kNm)	-0.45	-1.00	-1.90	-0.80

Bending Design

$$M_d = \phi k_1 k_4 k_6 k_9 k_{12} f'_b Z_{eff}$$

AS1720.1 CL3.2.1

ϕ	k_4	k_6	k_9	k_{12}
0.85	1	1	1	1

$Z_{eff,x}$ (mm ³)	6.43e+6
f'_b (MPa)	17

Load Combination	1.35G	1.20G + 0.60Q	1.20G + 1.50Q	1.20G + 0.40Q + 1.00W
k_1	0.57	0.57	0.80	1.00
M_{d+} (kNm)	52.93	52.93	74.29	92.86
$M^*_{+} / b_{M,ef}$ (kNm)	0.15	0.33	0.64	0.27
Ratio	0%	1%	1%	1%
M_{d-} (kNm)	52.93	52.93	74.29	92.86
$M^*_{-} / b_{M,ef}$ (kNm)	0.45	1.00	1.90	0.80
Ratio	1%	2%	3%	3%

Shear Design

Calculate Rolling Shear Failure

$$\phi V_r = \frac{\phi k_1 k_4 k_6 f'_r EI_{eff} b_{eff}}{(EQ_r)}$$

AS1720.1 CL3.2.5
CLT Handbook First Edition 2.3.1.3

f'_b (MPa)	1.20
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	Max +	Max -	Abs Max
EQ_R (mm ³)	4.40e+10	-4.40e+10	4.40e+10

Load Combination	1.35G	1.20G + 0.60Q	1.20G + 1.50Q	1.20G + 0.40Q + 1.00W
k_1	0.57	0.57	0.80	1.00
ϕV_r (kN)	93.30	93.30	130.95	163.68
$V^*_{max} / b_{V,ef}$ (kN/m)	1.48	3.28	6.24	2.63
Ratio	2%	4%	5%	2%

Calculate Longitudinal Shear Failure

$$\phi V_L = \frac{\phi k_1 k_4 k_6 f'_r EI_{eff} b_{eff}}{(EQ_L)}$$

	Max +	Max -	Abs Max	Calculate EQ at critical point for longitudinal shear
EQ_L (mm ³)	4.41e+10	-4.41e+10	4.41e+10	
f'_s (MPa)	3.80			

Load Combination	1.35G	1.20G + 0.60Q	1.20G + 1.50Q	1.20G + 0.40Q + 1.00W
k_1	0.57	0.57	0.80	1.00
ϕV_L (kN)	295.34	295.34	414.51	518.14
$V^*_{max} / b_{V,ef}$ (kN/m)	1.48	3.28	6.24	2.63
Ratio	1%	1%	2%	1%